

SWAMI VIVEKANANDA YOUTH COMPUTER TRAINING CENTRE

WORKSHEET-1

I. Pick out the nouns from the following sentences and write the kind of noun each:

1. Kolkata is known as city of joy.
2. Wisdom comes with age.
3. Mr. Chowdhury is sitting on a chair.
4. This class consists of 14 students.
5. Regular drink at least 6-8 litre water.
6. Nazrul Islam was rebel poet.
7. There was a large crowd in the field.
8. She's my childhood friend.
9. The Ganga is one of the holy rivers in India.
10. The girl is a rare beauty among her friends.

II. Fill in the blanks with correct pronoun from the given options: (I, he, she, it, they, we, our, you)

1. ----- is my mother.
2. ----- am a graduate.
3. ----- are sweet babies.
4. ----- is a coconut tree.
5. ----- is Mr. Sen's daughter.
6. ----- is Mrs. Ghosh's husband.
7. ----- are a intelligent student.
8. ----- are siblings.
9. This is ----- school.
10. ----- am reading a novel now.

III. Pick out the adjectives from the following sentences and write the kind of adjective each:

1. He is wearing a pink shirt.
2. This food is not edible.
3. They live in a beautiful palace.
4. He is fifteen years old now.
5. She purchased a black saree.
6. The building consists of 6th floors.
7. Rita has drawn four beautiful sketches.
8. Mini is an adorable baby.
9. My mother cooked delicious soup yesterday.
10. These sums are too tough.

WORKSHEET-2

i. Rewrite The Following Sentences With Correct Verbs:

1. We is late for the class and so we could not get seats.
2. I is going to the playground.
3. He have passed the Madhyamik examination.
4. I returns from Delhi yesterday.
5. His grandmother are a renowned doctor.
6. I has black dress.
7. Mouse were killed by cat.
8. Where is you at last night.
9. She didn't usually has a big breakfast.
10. You doing a serious mistake.

ii. Put the adverbs in brackets at proper places:

1. Students are talking. (loudly)
2. The mission has done. (successfully)
3. This story book is old. (very)
4. She speaks English. (perfectly)
5. You confessed your fault. (never)
6. The girl behaves. (politely)
7. Don't talk. (quickly)
8. Rita is spending money. (foolishly)

iii. Fill in the blanks of the following sentences with suitable prepositions:

1. The cat ran in the roomsearch milk.
2. The elephant was killed..... the hunter..... the gun.
3. She was sitting..... Mina and Rupa shared her Tiffin.....
Five friends.
4. Raju is waiting..... the bus stand..... his parents.
5. The child was crying..... the room and her mother ran..... the
room.
6. My art course will be completed..... two years.
7. There are many grapes..... the tree.
8. She fell down..... the chair.
9. The kingfisher jumped..... the water because there are many
fish..... the water.
10. He is standing..... the stage..... being a singer, he can play
piano.

iv. Join the following sentences with suitable conjunctions:

1. He failed. He tried hard.

2. It is raining heavily. You must take an umbrella.
 3. Work hard. You will not be successful.
 4. He is rich. He is not happy.
 5. It was very dark. He could not see.
 6. You may be wrong. Lili may be wrong.
 7. He is foolish. He is obstinate.
 8. Come with me. Stay at home.
- v. **Fill in the blanks with correct Interjection from the following options:** (wow, oh, hurrah, alas, hu)
1.! We have won the match.
 2.! I forgot to bring my bag.
 3.! They both are failed in exam.
 4.! What a beautiful dress.
 5.! I don't care about failure.
 6.! Have a nice day.
 7.! My grandmother is died.
 8.! This gift is so wonderful.

WORKSHEET-3

**FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH SUITABLE ARTICLES WHEREVER NECESSARY:
PUT CROSS WHERE ARTICLE IS NOT NECESSARY:**

1. You are late by..... hour.
2. Ganga is a holy river.
3. This is..... house built by 3 labours.
4. French is not..... easy language.
5. Yesterday..... European called at my home. European was my teacher.
6. He can speak..... Chinese well.
7. Padma river is one of..... tributaries of river Ganga.
8. Can you draw..... map of world.
9. He is willing to join as..... Indian army.
10. He can play..... football very well.
11. I have found..... pen that I have lost yesterday.
12. Arabian Sea lies at..... Western side of India.
13. Cow is..... useful animal.
14. She is..... M. A. Student.
15. It would be..... unique opportunity to him.
16. The building is at..... Gariahat.
17. Rima is..... university lecturer.

18. Himalayas known as Northern barriers of India.
19. Do you like..... Mathematics.
20. This is..... wonderful garden.

WORKSHEET- 4

Fill in the blanks with ‘some’, ‘any’, ‘a lot of’, ‘much’, ‘many’:

1. There are..... plants in the Botanical garden. (a large number)
2. Among twenty students,students are girls. (a certain number)
3. Is there oil in the bottle? (a certain quantity)
4. students aren't present today.
5. There is not..... rice in the bowl. (a certain quantity)
6. There is..... sunshine enter into the room. (a large quantity)
7. Are there..... pencils in the box? (a certain number)
8. There is..... sand in the sack. (a certain number)
9. Are there..... children who suffering with malnutrition? (a large number)
10. You will share..... Chocolates with your friends. (a certain number)

Fill in the blanks with ‘A few’, ‘few’, ‘a little’, ‘little’:

1. I have..... friends. So, I don't feel lonely.
2. I have..... friends. So, I feel lonely.
3. Give me..... sugar in this container.
4. I have very..... tea in the container.
5. I have..... money. So, I can't go to market.

Some Common Countable and Uncountable nouns:

1. Countable Nouns:

Animal, adult, article, artist, answer, bank, bag, baby, bird, boy, box, bus, car, cat, cup, country, city, child, dog, dress, door, egg, eye, foot, friend, field, father, garden, gun, girl, game, hat, head, hand, horse, husband, journey, job, judge, king, key, lion, lady, library, man, minute, month, mouth, nation, newspaper, page, plane, plan, product, project, road, room, river, ring, school, student, sister, shop, son, song, street, star, tree, table, town, umbrella, village, valley, week, window, woman, wife, year.

2. Uncountable Nouns:

Age, absence, anger, agriculture, beauty, behaviour, boyhood, blood, childhood, courage, comfort, coal, cotton, curry, confidence, cruelty, death, duty, democracy, earth, environment, energy, evil, food, faith, fire, friendship, growth, freedom, history, honesty,

health, joy, iron, ink, intelligence, independence, justice, luck, love, labour, mercy, marriage, music, ore, oil, money, poverty, power, peace, piston, pride, rain, relief, sand, religious, soup, snow, soil, silence, strength, safety, silence, tea, time, tour, trade, transport, training, wealth, violence, truth, wood, wine, weather, yarn, youth, walk.

WORKSHEET- 5

Fill in the blanks with correct degree of adjectives that given in brackets:

1. Rajasthan is the..... (large) State in India.
2. My computer is..... (good) as you.
3. Today is.....(warm) day of this year.
4. Sunil is..... (old) than Sushil by two years old.
5. The cat will be much..... (happy) in this home.
6. These sums are..... (difficult) than other sums.
7. My home is(far) than Ruma.
8. Don't make any(far) noise
9. His result is (bad) than his brother.
10. You are as (tall) as him.
11. Everyone respects a (wise) man.
12. Have you heard..... (late) song.
13. He comes..... (late) after other members.
14. His (old) sister joined in a school.
15. This pen is..... (good) then red pen.
16. The Nile is.....(long) river in the world.
17. The pumpkin is as.....(big) as watermelon.
18. This pillow is.....(soft) than others.
19. The Mount Everest is (high) in the world.
20. This garden is..... (beautiful) in this area.

DEGREE OF COMPARISON

Several Examples and Formats of Degree of Comparison- Adjectives

Adjective of one syllable or two syllables form the comparative by adding 'er' or 'r' and the superlative by adding 'est' or 'st'.

a. Adjective of one syllable

POSITIVE	COMPERATIVE	SUPERLATIVE
Cold	colder	coldest
tall	taller	tallest
big	bigger	Biggest

old	Older /elder	Oldest / eldest
thick	thicker	thickest
few	fewer	Fewest
warm	warmer	warmest
thin	thinner	thinnest
Small	smaller	smallest
Wise	wiser	wisest
Late	Later/latter	Latest/last
Deep	deeper	deepest
Brave	braver	bravest

b. Adjective of two syllables

POSITIVE	COMPARATIVE	SUPERLATIVE
Happy	happier	happiest
Easy	easier	easiest
kind	Kinder	Kindest
Young	younger	youngest
Clever	cleverer	cleverest
Heavy	heavier	heaviest

Adjective of more than two syllables form the comparative by adding 'more' and the superlative by adding 'most'.

POSITIVE	COMPARATIVE	SUPERLATIVE
Horrible	More horrible	Most horrible
Honest	More honest	Most honest
Beautiful	More beautiful	Most beautiful
Dangerous	More dangerous	Most dangerous
Truthful	More truthful	Most truthful

Some adjectives form their comparative and superlative in an irregular way

POSITIVE	COMPARATIVE	SUPERLATIVE
Bad/Evil/Ill	worse	Worst
Far	Farther/ further	Farthest/ farthest
Good/Well	Better	Best
Much/ Many	More	More
Little	Less	Least

WORKSHEET-6

Make the following sentences plural :

1. It is a pencil.
2. This is a watch.
3. This flower is pretty.
4. He is a postman.
5. There is a child in the garden.
6. Is that a bird?
7. The man has a sheep with him.
8. That door is close.
9. This isn't a star.
10. Is it a chocolate?

Make the following sentences singular :

1. Those mangoes are sweet.
2. These eggs are good.
3. Are the boys dancing?
4. The students are in the class.
5. Children are going to circus.
6. There are some books on the table.
7. These knives are sharp.
8. They are mechanics.
9. These cats are my pets.
10. These women were in the crowd.

NUMBERS

1. **Nouns which ends in 's', 'es', 'ch' or 'x' are made plural by adding 'es'**

Singular	Plural
glass	Glasses
Bus	Buses
Six	Sixes
Speech	Speeches
church	Churches
Picnic	Picnics
egg	eggs
song	songs

2. **Nouns which end in 'y' and have a consonant before 'y'**

Singular	Plural

lady	Ladies
city	Cities
baby	Babies
fly	Flies
opportunity	Opportunities
country	countries
body	bodies

3. Nouns which end in 'y' and have a vowel before 'y'

Singular	Plural
monkey	Monkeys
Boy	Boys
key	Keys
Day	Days
Envoy	envoys
toy	toys

4. Nouns ending in 'o', preceded by a consonant, their plural form would be 'es'

Singular	plural
Hero	Heroes
Mango	Mangoes
Potato	Potatoes
Echo	echoes

5 A few nouns ending in 'f' or 'fe', their plural form 'ves'

Singular	Plural
Leaf	Leaves
Calf	Calves
Self	Selves
Sheaf	Sheaves
loaf	loaves
Knife	Knives
wife	wives
wolf	wolves
life	lives

Some nouns have irregular plural forms

Singular	Plural
foot	Feet
Woman	Women
Tooth	Teeth
Man	Men
Goose	Geese
Brother	Brethren
Ox	oxen
louse	Lice
mouse	Mice
child	children

WORKSHEET-7

Change the genders of the following sentences:

- 1. The women are working in the field.**
- 2. The boy is my elder brother.**
- 3. Girls are coming from school.**
- 4. The monk is noble man.**
- 5. Most of the students are girls in the class.**
- 6. My mother is a doctor.**
- 7. He is now bachelor.**
- 8. Leopard runs very fast.**
- 9. Fox is cleverest among all animals.**
- 10. She is an actress.**

Make interrogative sentence of the following sentences:

- 1. She has a red pen.**
- 2. I have finished my sums.**
- 3. They were playing in the park.**
- 4. The child is crying in the room.**
- 5. He wants to do higher studies.**
- 6. She will work in a school.**
- 7. Rima is a good student.**
- 8. Teacher has taken our class.**

GENDER

MASCULINE AND FEMININE GENDERS

a. People

MASCULINE	FEMININE
actor	actress
bachelor	spinster
author	author
bridegroom	bride
butler	maid
boy scout	girl guide
duke	duchess
emperor	empress
gentleman	lady
god	goddess
grandson	granddaughter
heir	heiress
grandmother	grandfather
headmaster	headmistress
husband	wife
hero	heroine
host	hostess
instructor	instructress
king	queen
landlord	landlady
male	female
master	mistress
manager	manageress
nephew	niece
monk	nun
sir	madam
son	daughter
uncle	aunt
steward	stewardess
waiter	waitress
wizard	witch
widower	widow

b. Animals

MASCULINE	FEMININE
eagle	eagle
bear	she-bear
Billy- goat	nanny-goat
buck	doe
bull	cow
cock	hen
boar	sow
dog	bitch
drake	duck
drone	bee
gander	goose
fox	vixen
leopard	leopardess
peacock	peahen
ram	ewe
stallion	mare
lion	lioness
tiger	tigress
wolf	she-wolf

Physical Attributes

shape/size	shape of face	thin	mouth	dark
chubby	broad	big	big lips	fair
fat	heart-shaped	crooked	double chin	hands
lanky	oval	flaring nostrils	pointed chin	broad
muscular	round	flat	square jaw	huge
of average height	square	hooked	skin/ complexion	long, skinny
fingers	narrow	rough palms		

WORKSHEET-8

Put the verbs in brackets into the Simple Present Tense:

1. She always (teach) us in the evening.
2. He sometimes (go) to see his uncle.
3. The boys (play) basketball in the evening.
4. My mother (do) the housework every day.
5. He (speak) English well.
6. Mr. And Mrs. Sen (be) husband and wife.
7. The children often (play) together in the park.
8. Tina (have) a new car.
9. The aeroplane (fly) over the city.
10. Mona (give) the cat its dinner.

Put the verbs in brackets into the Simple Past Tense:

1. My old bag (is) very nice.
2. He (cannot) sleep because it (is) very hot at last night.
3. She (feed) the pigeons.
4. They (have) a house in Santiniketan.
5. The horses (run) in the field.
6. We (understand) the sums very well.
7. The children (eat) mangoes.
8. They (hear) the news yesterday.
9. The bucket (fill) into the well.
10. The man (tell) her the good news.

Put the verbs in brackets into the Simple Future Tense:

1. My father (go) to bank on Monday.
2. The baby (walk) soon.
3. I (read) the book next week.
4. Grandma (tell) us a lot of stories.
5. You (go) to school tomorrow.
6. Suresh (buy) a box next year.
7. These flowers (bloom) by tomorrow.
8. Sima (take) her examination next month.
9. You (come) with me.
10. The students (do) their homework.

Here is a list of irregular verbs with their past and past participle forms:

Present tense	Past tense	Past Participle tense
Be	Was	Been
Break	Broke	Broken
Choose	Chose	Chosen
Bring	Brought	Brought
Can	Could	
Buy	Bought	Bought
Draw	Drew	Drawn
Come	Came	Come
Cost	Cost	Cost
Do	Did	Done
Drink	Drank	Drunk
Eat	Ate	Eaten
Drive	Drove	Driven
Have	Had	Had
Fall	Fell	Fell
Hold	Held	Held
Feel	Felt	Felt
Fly	Flew	Flown
Get	Got	Got
Give	Gave	Given
Go	Went	Gone
Grow	Grew	Grown
Hear	Heard	Heard
Grow	Grew	Grown
Keep	Kept	Kept
Hurt	Hurt	Hurt
Know	Knew	Known
Leave	Left	Left
Make	Made	Made
Meet	Met	Met
Pay	Paid	Paid
Mean	Meant	Meant
Rise	Rose	Risen
Ring	Rang	Rung
Run	Ran	Run
See	Saw	Seen
Shine	Shone	Shone
Sew	Sewed	Sewn
Sit	Sat	Sat
Sing	Sang	Sung
Swim	Swam	Swum

Stand	Stood	Stood
Sleep	Slept	Slept
Teach	Taught	Taught
Take	Took	Taken
Tell	Told	Told
Throw	Threw	Thrown
Wear	Wore	Worn
Think	Thought	Thought
Write	Wrote	Written
Understand	Understood	Understood
Speak	Spoke	Spoken

WORKSHEET-9

i. Use present continuous tense of the verbs in bracket:

1. The milk (boil) in the pan.
2. The President (make) short speech today.
3. Someone (knock) at the door.
4. Let us go. It (rain) now.
5. You (watch) movie now.
6. The child (cry) as she suffering from fever.
7. you (go) to invite Mohan for your birthday party?
8. I (feel) hungry now.
9. The weather (get) hotter.
10. The boy (try) to open the door of the car.

ii. Use past continuous tense of the verbs in bracket:

1. It (rain) heavily last night.
2. We (wait) there for you for at least one hour.
3. When I went to see you, you (sleep)
4. He (search) for the key.
5. I (lie) on my bed when a stranger entered in the room.
6. As the bell (ring), I ran to the class.
7. The guard (blow) the whistle at last night.
8. I (go) to market to purchased vegetables.
9. Boys (play) in the ground in the evening.
10. A lady (carry) some water in the buckets.

iii. Use future continuous tense of the verbs in bracket:

1. We (study) hard before the examination.
2. The boy (play) guitar in the function.
3. I (finish) their work by six.
4. The students (make) noise during the recess.
5. According to the weather report tomorrow (be) cold and dry day.
6. They (prepare) their lessons.
7. You (go) to your friend's house at this time tomorrow.
8. He (wait) for me at bus stands in the morning.
9. The train (arrive) soon.
10. They (work) in an office.

Worksheet- 10

i. Rewrite the following sentences into Present Perfect Tense:

1. She (break) a vase.
2. He (do) his homework.
3. I (forget) to bring your book.
4. Mona (cut) her hands with knife today.
5. He never (be) there.
6. The train (arrive).
7. Ruma (paint) the wall.
8. They (complete) reading.
9. Rupa (lost) her purse.
10. you (read) Macbeth?

ii. Rewrite the following sentences into Past Perfect Tense:

1. The bus (leave) when we go to the stop.
2. You (study) Spanish before you moved to Spain.
3. Ananya (meet) Sumana before me.
4. This company (establish) her company before 2015.
5. I (fall) asleep before eight O'clock.
6. She (be) to the symphony before last night.
7. I (be) to London once before.
8. The tiger (chase) the deer before it ran away of the yard.
9. He (visit) several doctors before he found out what the problem was with her hand.
10. I (get) scholarship when I was in class xii.

iii. Rewrite the following sentences into Future Perfect Tense:

1. They (write) application for leave.
2. He (reach) his home.
3. She (receive) the letter.
4. they (construct) a new home?
5. Raju (start) a new job.
6. They (enjoy) party.
7. The kids (play) football in the school.
8. Sriporna (complete) M.A. after few months.
9. I (take) the test.
10. She not (apply) for the post.

Worksheet- 11

Rewrite the following sentences into Present Perfect Continuous Tense:

1. Ravi (work) for the last hour.
2. They (wait) here for over half an hour.
3. Recently, I (feel) really tired.
4. Mina (practice) her English.
5. you only (waiting) here for two hours?
6. He (watch) too much television lately.
7. What you (do) for the last 15 minutes?
8. The baby (sleep) for two years.
9. They (live) in New Delhi since 1994.
10. He (play) football for 4 years.

Rewrite the following sentences into Past Perfect Continuous Tense:

1. They (play) basketball in the field before started rain.
2. We (shop) in that shop before we came home.
3. She (gossip) in the coffee shop for one and half hour.
4. I (write) articles on various topics for three years.
5. He (listen) to melodious songs for two hours.
6. Rohan (practice) to sing the song since morning.
7. We (enjoy) the program for five years.
8. I not (watch) cricket match in the stadium.
9. The poem (write) poem since morning.
10. Sumana (study) in library since three hours.

Rewrite the following sentences into Future Perfect Tense:

1. The kid (sleep) since 11PM.
2. She (work) as an engineer in this company since 2019.
3. The doctor (treat) patient for six years.
4. She not (play) games since January.
5. I (live) here for five years.
6. You (eat) vegetables for three months.
7. He..... not (run) his business since April.
8. She (teach) the kids since morning.
9. The company (advertise) posts for three years.
10. She (wash) her dresses since morning.

Worksheet-12

i. Use apostrophe of the following statements:

1. The books for children.
2. Dress is belonging to Rani.
3. The house of Mrs. Dey.
4. The nest of birds.
5. The saree of women.
6. The coat of man.
7. The pen of Mona is on the desk.
8. The toys of child.
9. The ticket of the passenger.
10. The bag of lady.

ii. Fill in the blanks with possessive forms- Adjectives/ Pronouns:

1. She is teaching students.
2. The boy is doingsums.
3. This is a bed. is made of wood.
4. We are proud of country.
5. He is playing withbat.
6. Riya has lost..... umbrella. It was
7. They are going to home.
8. I have a purse. It is
9. They have a pet dog. The dog is
10. He went school.

Worksheet- 13

Use modal auxiliaries in the following sentences by using given options in the brackets (**can, must, could, will, ought to, may, would, might, should, shall**):

1. Her grandmother walk on legs.
2. The villagers read and write.
3. You..... consult a doctor.
4. Man..... die one day.
5. Sima..... know my address.
6. You finish this work before evening.
7. We..... speak the truth.
8. you tell him that his sister was ill?
9. You apply for this post.
10. I shut the door?

Fill in the blanks with **could, would, should**:

1. Yesterday you had fever so, you..... go to doctor for a check up.
2. Last year, he..... not speak English. But now he can.
3. Yesterday, I.....not find my science book.
4. If you want suggestion about your future then..... take advice from your teacher.
5.you turn off my computer.
6. You.....put status in Whatsapp.
7.you make 10 copies of this report, please?
8.you like to join us for watching movie?
9. He.....purchase expensive shirt if he had more money.
10. If there were enough food then there..... not so much hunger in the world.

Worksheet -14

Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions of the following sentences:

(at, on, from, by, from, with)

1. They are live..... Mumbai.
2. We put warm clothes..... winter.
3. The flight arrived 5 o'clock.
4. They will be sent prison.
5. My friends were came Christmas.
6. The child is missing half an hour.
7. Shivani lives..... her parents.
8. He took my book..... my table.
9. Send the letter..... post.
10. He died..... high fever.

WORKSHEET- 15

i. Join each pair of the following sentences with joining words :

1. I believe her. She is truthful. (because)
2. He has mistaken. She has mistaken. (either..... or)
3. Someone may call. Please ask him to wait. (if)
4. Romen is here. Rahul is here. (both..... and)
5. You wait here. I return. (return)
6. He is strong. His brother is strong. (as.....as)
7. He is brilliant. Everybody loves him. (so)
8. The sums are tough. He solved all sums easily. (though)
9. He is intelligent. He is lazy. (but)
10. He is healthy. He can lift all heavy loads. (so.....that)

ii. Fill in the blanks with suitable linking words :
(unless, if, nevertheless, as well as, or, when, than, however, both..... and,
as)

1. Catch me you can.
2. I shall punishyou tell truth.
3. Dr. Bidhanchandra Roy was a popular physician.....popular politician.
4. He was illhe has appeared exam.
5. Walk quickly you will miss the last train.
6. Mohan passed the examination.....he did not attempt all questions.
7. His father passed away..... she was 5 years old.
8. She is wiser..... her other siblings.
9. Piu cannot come here she is ill.
10. Tina.....Puja responsible for this fault.

VOCABULARY

One words substitution:

1. Acts of a kind person- kindness
2. Man who begs- beggar
3. Having no sense- senseless
4. Made of gold- golden
5. Made of wood- wooden
6. Having no hope- hopeless
7. Full of hope- hopeful
8. Child like behaviour - childish
9. Someone who practises law- lawyer
10. Some who tells a lie- liar
11. One who writes novels- novelist
12. One who writes dramas- dramatist
13. The state of being child- childhood

14. Full of fear- fearful
15. One who is in need- needy
16. Something that attracts- attractive
17. About education- educational
18. About culture- cultural
19. An object of laugh- laughable
20. The state of being free- freedom
21. Who is hopeful of the future- optimist
22. One who looks on the dark side of things/ one who takes gloomy view of the future- pessimist
23. One who does not believe in the existence of God- Atheist
24. One who believes in the existence of God- Theist
25. One who is not sure of the existence of God- Agnostic
26. One who is present everywhere- Omnipresent
27. One who knows everything- omniscient
28. One who is all powerful- Omnipotent
29. One who feeds on human flesh- cannibal
30. One who tries to benefit mankind- Philanthropist
31. One who hates mankind- misanthropist
32. One who is born after the death of one's father- posthumous
33. That which can be heard- audible
34. That which cannot be heard- inaudible
35. That which cannot be visible- invisible
36. That which cannot be read- Illegible
37. That which cannot be believe- Incredible
38. Fit to be eaten- edible
39. That easy to read- legible
40. One who is able to read- literate
41. That which cannot be repaired or remedied- Irreparable
42. That which is against the law- Illegal
43. That which ends only in death- fatal
44. The history of the life of a person- biography
45. A record of one's life written by oneself- Autobiography
46. One who dies for a noble cause- martyr
47. A man whose wife is dead- Widower
48. One who has more than one wife or husband at a one time- polygamist
49. One who is versed in many languages- Linguist
50. One who loves one's country- patriot
51. One who carve in stone- Sculptor
52. One who studies the stars- Astronomer

53. One who studies rocks and soils- Geologist
54. One who reads books eagerly- voracious
55. The science which treats of man- Anthropology
56. The study of birds- ornithologist
57. One who liked by everybody- Popular
58. An animal that cannot be tamed- Wild
59. Persons who live in a same age- Contemporary
60. Men going out of a country- Emigrants
61. Men coming into a country- immigrants
62. One who spends very little- Miser
63. Government of the people- Democracy
64. To carry away a person forcibly- kidnap
65. Not to the point- irrelevant
66. To root out an evil or a bad practice- Eradicate
67. One who does not eat meat- vegetarian
68. One who fishes with rod- Angler
69. An animal or person living on another- parasite
70. A remedy for all diseases- panacea
71. Incapable of being explained- inexplicable
72. One who deals in medicinal herbs- herbalist

WORKSHEET -16

Change the following sentences according to the instruction given in the bracket:

1. The farmer is poor. (negative)
2. She is an intelligent girl. (negative)
3. Water is not colourful. (affirmative)
4. I am not weak. (affirmative)
5. What a charming sight! (affirmative)
6. None trusts a liar. (interrogative)
7. It is a very nice picture. (exclamatory)
8. I accept your invitation. (negative)
9. Ratan is as tall as Sutapa. (negative)
10. Nobody is free from sin. (interrogative)
11. Iron is not useless. (affirmative)
12. The load is too heavy to lift. (negative)

PRACTICE SET- 1

i. Fill in the blanks with appropriate article:

1. Give me..... tea spoon of sugar.
2. I have gotwonderful lamp.
3. Samir is waiting here for hour to his friends.
4. Yesterday Indian team defeated..... England team.
5. Ganga is holy river.
6. Mr. Sen works in..... office.
7. John has.....aunt who is..... European.
8. Bina isM.A.
9. I have purchased.....ball.ball is made of gold.
10. She hasunique character among her other sisters.

ii. Rewrite the sentences with correct form of degree of comparison:

1. My cold is (bad) today than yesterday.
2. Biru is (intelligent) in his class.
3. Kolkata is (far) from Chandigarh than Jharkhand.
4. The Nile is (long) river in the world.
5. He is as (thin) as his brother.
6. He is the (old) person in our family.
7. Milk is (thick) than water.
8. She is our (young) sister.
9. He has (less) interest in study.
10. There are (many) plants than our garden but (few) of them gave fruits.

iii. Fill in the blanks with some, a lot of, much, many, any:

1. There is..... water in the library. (a large number)
2. There is not sand in the sack. (a certain quantity)
3. Is there.....money in the wallet? (a certain quantity)
4. There are notmangoes on the tree. (a large number)
5. Are there..... flowers in the garden? (a large number)
6. There issalt in the container.(a certain number)
7. There are fruits growing in the threes. (a large number)

iv. Do as directed:

1. The servant cleans the whole house regular. (make it interrogative)
2. He finished his homework yesterday. (make it negative)
3. The capital of India is New Delhi. (underline the noun(s) and mention the kind of noun(s))
4. She teaches us English. (underline the pronoun)
5. Bula Chowdhury is a famous swimmer. There are few great swimmers in India. (underline the adjectives and mention their kind)
6. He had a blue pen which he lost. (identify the verb)
7. Mina speaks loudly. (very) (place the adverb in proper place in the sentence)
8. Oh! What a beautiful monument. (identify kind of parts of speech)
9. Either Mohan or Solanki will get first position in the class. (identify the conjunction)
10. The little boy is dressed as a clown. (change the number)
11. Can you eat these eggs? (change the number)
12. Cut the potato with a knife. (change the number)

v. Fill in the blanks with suitable preposition: (in, during, over, from, at, inside, above, among, within, between, to, of)

1. She will come to see me..... Sundayafternoon.
2. Mangoes grow.....summer season.
3. Soham is different.....his brothers.
4. I am fond..... my mother.
5. Swami Vivekananda was born..... 1863..... 12th January.
6. Some relatives will come..... Kolkata..... Durga Puja.
7. A lot of fish are playing.....the water.
8. We will go to visit Santiniketan.....summer vacation.
9. The students ran..... the bus stop.
10. Clouds are floating.....my head. The tree is..... my head.
11. Mina is sittingShila and Sima.all friends Shila is tallest.
12. I shall complete my all homework..... two weeks.

PRACTICE SET- 2

i. Fill in the blanks with suitable modal auxiliaries:

1. Children cross the road carefully.
2.you please lend me your computer for two days.

3. You.....respect your elders.
4. I not come yesterday for a problem.
5. You leave now for your next journey.
6.you like to join us in our group.
7. Heknew my address.
8. Monacelebrate her birthday with her friends next day.
9. Ibe twenty next birthday.
10. It rain today.

ii. Do as directed :

1. This pen belonging to Ruma. (use apostrophe)
2. Today I am playing with..... bat. (use possessive- pronoun/ adjective)
3. He bought a new car. This is..... (use possessive- pronoun/ adjective)
4. She lives with her mother in Delhi. (use opposite gender)
5. The king is a pious man. (use opposite gender)
6. The peacock is dancing in rain. (change the gender)
7. She (sleep) so, doesn't disturb her. (use the correct tense)
8. Kartik (get) up every day at six o'clock in morning. (rewrite with correct tense)
9. They (come) in Kolkata next week. (use correct tense)
10. The lady (die) last night. (use appropriate tense)
11. I (enjoy) today's birthday party. (rewrite the correct form of tense)
12. They (start) survey after reach in Shimla. (use Future Continuous tense)
13. Soham(play) in the park. (use correct form of continuous tense)
14. He (teach) in a school for 30 years. Now he retired teacher. (use past perfect continuous tense)
15. The train (leave) before we reached the station. (rewrite with correct tense)
16. The girl is obedient. (affirmative to negative)
17. He is hopeful. (negative to affirmative)
18. None trusts a liar. (rewrite into interrogative sentence)
19. What an unhappy life does he lead! (rewrite into exclamatory sentence)
20. I wish I had a friend to support me. (change it into exclamatory sentence)
21. I can never forget you kindness? (change into affirmative sentence)
22. The news is too absurd to believe. (affirmative to negative)
23. Please write. I dictate. (as)
24. I do not tell a lie. I do not tolerate. (neither..... nor)
25. She was afraid of being late. She ran. (so)
26. I forgive you. You repent. (if)
27. I believe him. He is truthful. (because)
28. One who knows everything. (write in one word)
29. One who does not believe in the existence of God. (write in one word)
30. Edible. (define it)